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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/092,977	03/07/2002	Yu-Chih Lai	67,200-708	6093
7590 05/05/2004			EXAMINER	
TUNG & ASSOCIATES			HASSANZADEH, PARVIZ	
Suite 120 838 W. Long Lake Road Bloomfield Hills, MI 48302			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1763	
			DATE MAILED: 05/05/2004	\$

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/092,977	LAI ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Parviz Hassanzadeh	1763
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	e correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a replif NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine arned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ly within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) of will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fro e, cause the application to become ABANDO	timely filed days will be considered timely. om the mailing date of this communication. NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 3/24 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This 3) Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under the second second	s action is non-final. noe except for formal matters, p	
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-10 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examina 10) The drawing(s) filed on <u>07 March 2002</u> is/are: Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct to by the E	a) accepted or b) dobjected or b) dobjected or abeyance. Settion is required if the drawing(s) is	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureat* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applic prity documents have been rece au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ation No ived in this National Stage
Attachment(s)		
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informa 6) Other:	

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election of Group I, method, in Paper No. 3/24/04 is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)).

Claims 11-17 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected apparatus, there being no allowable generic or linking claim.

Election was made **without** traverse in Paper No. 3/24/04. It is also noted that claims 11-17 have been canceled by the Applicants in the paper number 3/24/04.

Specification

The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

on page 11, line 7, it is suggested to change 14 to 15;

on page 15, line 8, it is suggested to change 40 to 70.

Appropriate correction is required.

Drawings

The drawings are objected to as failing to comply with 37 CFR 1.84(p)(5) because they include the following reference sign(s) not mentioned in the description: in Fig. 1, numerical label 12. A proposed drawing correction, corrected drawings, or amendment to the specification to add the reference sign(s) in the description, are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

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The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1-3, 6, 7, 9 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mizuno et al (US Patent No. 6,129,046) in view of Yadav et al (US Patent Application Publication No. 2003/0026904 A1) and Marumo (JP 4-219953-A).

Mizuno et al teach an apparatus (Fig. 4) and a method of plasma processing such as plasma etching of a wafer 114 placed on a support member 115 wherein the substrate 114 is clamped onto the support member 115 by a differential pressure chuck, wherein pressure difference is produced by exhausting air in an annular groove 126 and radial grooves 127 using a differential pressure chuck exhaust mechanism 124 (column 1, line 43 through column 2, line 16).

Mizuno et al fail to teach determining a differential pressure gradient between the front side and the back side of the substrate.

Yadav et al teach a semiconductor processing apparatus (Fig. 2A) including a differential pressure chuck 135 wherein the pressure at the front and back surface of the substrate placed on

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the upper surface of a support plate 20 is measures by pressure sensors 166 and 168 and communicated with a controller 170 so that the vacuum pressure at the back and front surface of the substrate can be controlled throttle valves 162 and 164 (paragraphs0047-0051).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to implement the pressure control mechanism as taught by Yadav et al in the apparatus of Mizuno et al in order to control the pressure level on the back and front surface of the substrate.

Mizuno et al in view of Yadav et al fail to teach determining a differential pressure gradient in order to measure a position of the wafer on the substrate support.

Marumo teach a substrate delivery and processing apparatus (Fig. 1) wherein the pressure inside the chamber and the suction pressure of the substrate are detected respectively, and the state of the substrate is judged as being in a sucked state when the suction pressure of the substrate is less than a prescribed differential pressure according to the pressure inside the chamber (abstract).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the method of Marumo in the method of using the apparatus of Mizuno et al in view of Yadav et al in order to judging the state of the position of the substrate on the differential pressure chuck.

Further regarding claim 2: the apparatus of Mizuno et al and Yadav et al each include a pump, exhaust mechanism 13 (Mizuno et al) and vacuum pump 158 (Yadav et al).

Further regarding claim 3: the apparatus of Yadav et al includes throttle valves 162 and 164.

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Further regarding claim 6: the apparatus of Yadav et al includes a pressure sensor 168 to measure the pressure inside the process chamber.

Further regarding claim 7: It is held in re Harza, 274 F.2d 669, 124 USPQ 378 (CCPA 1960) that a mere duplication of parts has no patentable significance unless a new and unexpected result is produced therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use more than one pressure sensor in order to further improve the accuracy of the pressure measurement.

Further regarding claim 9: Marumo teach a substrate delivery and processing apparatus (Fig. 1) wherein the pressure inside the chamber and the suction pressure of the substrate are detected respectively, and the substrate is judged to be in a sucked state when the suction pressure of the substrate is less than a prescribed differential pressure according to the pressure inside the chamber. The selection of the predetermined differential pressure gradient is considered a result-effective variable parameter that would have been obtainable through routine experimentation and optimization process. It is not inventive to discover the optimum or workable ranges by routine experimentation. In re Allen, 220 F.2d 454, 456, 105 USPQ 233, 235 (CCPA 1955).

Further regarding claim 10: the apparatus of Mizuno et al can be used in an etching method (column 1, lines 5-12).

Claims 4, 5 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mizuno et al (US Patent No. 6,129,046) in view of Yadav et al (US Patent Application Publication No. 2003/0026904 A1) and Marumo (JP 4-219953-A) as applied to claims 1-3, 6, 7, 9 and 10 above, and further in view of Sandhu et al (US Patent No. 5,344,792).

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Mizuno et al in view of Yadav et al and Marumo teach all limitations of the claims as discussed above except for an additional valve connected in series with the throttle valve between the process chamber ad the pump; and a pressure gauge between the process chamber and the pump.

Sandhu et al teach a process chamber (Fig. 1) including a exhaust mechanism including a pressure sensor 26, valve 30 and throttle valve 32 arranged between a process chamber and a pump 36 (column 5, line 16-31).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to implement the pressure sensor and the additional valve as taught by Sandhu et al in the apparatus of Mizuno et al in view of Yadav et al and Marumo in order to be able to further control the rate of the vacuum of the process chamber.

Further regarding claim 8: the purge gas can be any of Ar, N_2 or He (Sandhu et al, Fig. 1, column 6, lines 39-50).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Parviz Hassanzadeh whose telephone number is (571)272-1435. The examiner can normally be reached on Tuesday-Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gregory Mills can be reached on (571)272-1439. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Parviz Hassanzadeh Primary Examiner Art Unit 1763

April 30, 2004